

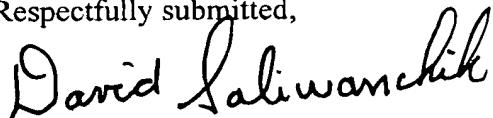
Remarks

This Amendment is being made to correct typographical errors in the subject specification and claims. No new matter is being added by this submission.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 CFR §§1.16 or 1.17 as required by this paper to Deposit Account No. 19-0065.

The applicants also invite the Examiner to call the undersigned if clarification is needed on any of this response, or if the Examiner believes a telephone interview would expedite the prosecution of the subject application to completion.

Respectfully submitted,



David R. Saliwanchik
Patent Attorney
Registration No. 31,794
Phone No.: 352-375-8100
Fax No.: 352-372-5800
Address: 2421 N.W. 41st Street, Suite A-1
Gainesville, FL 32606-6669

DRS/la

Attachments: Marked-Up Version of Substitute Specification
Marked-up Version of Substitute Claims

Marked-up Version of Substitute SpecificationPage 3, lines 18-20:

Bacterial wilt caused by [Ralstoria] *Ralstonia solanacearum* (Rs) is a major disease problem in fresh tomato production fields in north Florida. Fusarium is also an important plant pathogen.

Page 6, lines 8-13:

Essential oils of tea tree (*Melaleuca alternifolia*), marjoram (*Thymus mastichina*), oregano (*Origanum vulgare*), thyme (*Thymus vulgaris*) and palmarosa (*Cymbopogon martini*) were tested *in vitro* and in greenhouse grown tomatoes for their efficacy against [Ralstoria] *Ralstonia solanacearum* (Rs). Also thymol, one of the fractions of thyme oil, was tested *in vitro* and in greenhouse. Thymol, the vapor effect of palmarosa and thyme essential oils are effective against Rs. Geraniol has also been found to be effective for the control of plant pathogens. In a preferred embodiment of the subject invention, essential oils can be integrated into the management of bacterial wilt and nematodes (such as *Meloides* sp.) on tomato.

Page 6, line 25 through page 7, line 5:

The compositions and methods described herein can be used to control a broad range of fungal and bacterial targets. These targets include, but are not limited to species of *Penicillium* (*i.e.*, *expansum*, *digitatum*, *italicum*), [Ralstoria] *Ralstonia* sp., *Botrytis* sp., *Monilinia* sp., *Alternaria* sp., *Aspergillus* sp., *Rhizopus* sp., members of the Erysiphales (powdery mildews *Sphaerotheca* sp., *Erysiphe* sp., *Uncinula* sp., *Podosphaera* sp.), members of the Peronosporales (downy mildews, *Phytophthora* sp., *Pythium* sp., *Peronospora* sp.) Hemibasidiomycetes (rusts and smuts), *Venturia* sp., *Cercospora* sp., *Pseudocercospora* sp., *Cercospora* sp., *Cercosporidium* sp., *Fusarium* sp., *Ophiostoma* sp. and other wood staining fungi, and *Diplodia* sp., other targets include *Erwinia* sp., *Pseudomonas* sp., and *Xanthomonas* sp, and nematodes (including *Meloides* sp.).

1 Docket No. UF-258CXC1
Serial No. 09/925,336Marked-up Version of Amended ClaimClaim 8 (amended):

The method, according to claim 1, wherein said essential oil is used to control a plant pathogen selected from the group consisting of *Penicillium* sp., *Botrytis* sp., *Monilinia* sp., *Alternaria* sp., *Aspergillus* sp., *Rhizopus* sp., *Sphaerotilis* sp., *Erysiphe* sp., *Uncinula* sp., *Podosphaera* sp., *Phytophthora* sp., *Pythium* sp., *Peronospora* sp., *[Ralstoria] Ralstonia* sp., Hemibasidiomycetes, nematodes, *Venturia* sp., *Cercospora* sp., *Pseudocercospora* sp., *Cercospora* sp., *Cercosporidium* sp., *Fusarium* sp., *Ophiostoma* sp. and other wood staining fungi, *Diplodia* sp., *Erwinia* sp., *Pseudomonas* sp., and *Xanthomonas* sp.

Claim 9 (amended):

The method, according to claim 8, wherein said pathogen is *[Ralstoria] Ralstonia solenacearum*.

Claim 10 (amended):

The method, according to claim 9, wherein said *[Ralstoria] Ralstonia solenacearum* is controlled using an agent selected from the group consisting of thyme essential oil, thymol, palmarosa oil and geraniol.

Claim 16 (amended):

The method, according to claim 16, wherein said plant pathogen is *[Ralstoria] Ralstonia solenacearum*.

Claim 17 (amended):

The method, according to claim 17, wherein tomatoes are protected against said *[Ralstoria] Ralstonia solenacearum* by an essential oil from palmarosa or thyme.